**The Greek Fighting Spirit**

**NAME:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

The Greek video on my website wardman.weebly.com/Socials 7 Daily

**The Ancient Greeks- Crucible of Civilization- Episode 2: Golden Age.**

**Answer the following questions:**

1. **How did the term marathon come about based on the story of Phidipedes feat? Why 26 km and why the term Marathon?**
2. How far did Phidipedes run **in kilometers per day**?

Time running = 2 days distance ran = 140 miles conversion - 1 mile = 1.6 km

1. **A. Why do you think Sparta did not come to the aid of Athens?**
2. Would this have been a smart move had Athens lost? Why or why not?
3. How would you feel towards Sparta if you were an Athenian? Why might you have expected better of Sparta?
4. **What did Themistocles tell the Greeks in order to get them to invest in the military ships called the "TRIREME"? Why did he have to do this?**

1. **Fill in the blanks below about the Persians attacking the 2nd time.**

The new Persian king, Xerxes, was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that the Greeks had repelled the attacks of his father's \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ army. In order to defeat them, he amassed an army of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ men by force, which is called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. This was the greatest force the world had ever seen. When the Greeks heard of the invasion, the fear struck all of Greece, and they consulted the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. They consulted the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at Delphi. Delphi was considered to be the center of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The Oracle said to the question of, "What should we do," that they should not sit still but \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Themistocles refused to believe this and sent another messenger to Delphi. The Oracle stated, "The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wall only will not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_."

Themistocles felt that this meant he should fight the Persians at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, with the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Athens had to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for the first time in their history. The tablet is still preserved today. They were to go to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The Persians \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the abandoned city of Athens. The Persians had assembled a fleet \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ times that of Athens. Themistocles wants to fight in a narrow body of water. He sends his servant to Xerxes with a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ message that the Greeks are ready to flee. The Persian fleet had been lured up the straits with no room to manoeuver. The Triremes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ into the Persian fleet. Xerxes watched the carnage from his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ throne on the shore.

At the end of the battle the Persians had lost \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ships. The Greeks had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The Persian Navy cannot guarantee to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their soldiers, or the safety of Xerxes. After this, the Athenians formed the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ League to prevent the invasion of Persia again, and had over \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ city states join. This partnership lead to a massive \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ network. There was such a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of goods including \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. What is the situational irony that exists in **the banishment of Themistocles**? What also does this tell of human nature? (*Raison d'etre* means reason to be)

***situational irony****. noun.****irony****involving a****situation****in which actions have an effect that is opposite from what was intended, so that the outcome is contrary to what was expected.*